- (b) Deny access to the OCS facility, except to those responding to an emergency:
- (c) Evacuate the OCS facility in case of security threats or breaches of security; and
- (d) Report security incidents as required in §101.305 of this subchapter;
- (e) Brief all OCS facility personnel on possible threats and the need for vigilance, soliciting their assistance in reporting suspicious persons, objects, or activities; and
- (f) Secure non-critical operations in order to focus response on critical operations.

[USCG-2003-14759, 68 FR 39345, July 1, 2003; 68 FR 41917, July 16, 2003]

## Subpart C—Outer Continental Shelf (OCS) Facility Security Assessment (FSA)

## §106.300 General.

- (a) The Facility Security Assessment (FSA) is a written document that is based on the collection of background information, the completion of an onscene survey and an analysis of that information.
- (b) A single FSA may be performed and applied to more than one OCS facility to the extent they share physical characteristics, location, and operations.
- (c) Third parties may be used in any aspect of the FSA if they have the appropriate skills and if the Company Security Officer (CSO) reviews and accepts their work.
- (d) Those involved in a FSA must be able to draw upon expert assistance in the following areas, as appropriate:
- (1) Knowledge of current and anticipated security threats and patterns;
- (2) Recognition and detection of dangerous substances and devices;
- (3) Recognition of characteristics and behavioral patterns of persons who are likely to threaten security;
- (4) Recognition of techniques used to circumvent security measures;
- (5) Methods used to cause a security incident;
- (6) Effects of dangerous substances and devices on structures and essential services:

- (7) OCS facility security requirements:
- (8) OCS facility and vessel interface business practices;
- (9) Contingency planning, emergency preparedness and response;
- (10) Physical security requirements;
- (11) Radio and telecommunications systems, including computer systems and networks;
  - (12) Marine or civil engineering; and
- (13) OCS facility and vessel operations.

## § 106.305 Facility Security Assessment (FSA) requirements.

- (a) Background. The OCS facility owner or operator must ensure that the following background information, if applicable, is provided to the person or persons who will conduct the assessment:
- (1) The general layout of the OCS facility, including:
- (i) The location of each access point to the OCS facility;
- (ii) The number, reliability, and security duties of OCS facility personnel;
- (iii) Security doors, barriers, and lighting:
  - (iv) The location of restricted areas;
- (v) The emergency and stand-by equipment available to maintain essential services:
- (vi) The essential maintenance equipment and storage areas;
- (vii) Location of escape and evacuation routes and assembly stations; and
- (viii) Existing security and safety equipment for protection of personnel;
- (2) Response procedures for fire or other emergency conditions;
- (3) Procedures for monitoring OCS facility and vessel personnel;
- (4) Procedures for controlling keys and other access prevention systems;
- (5) Response capability for security incidents;
- (6) Threat assessments, including the purpose and methodology of the assessment, for the OCS facility's location;
- (7) Previous reports on security needs; and
- (8) Any other existing security procedures and systems, equipment, communications, and OCS facility personnel.
- (b) On-scene survey. The OCS facility owner or operator must ensure that an